Directions: Each of the following questions refers to a historical source. These questions will test your knowledge about the historical source and require you to make use of your historical analytical skills and your familiarity with historical themes. For each question select the best response and fill in the corresponding oval on your answer sheet.

Questions 1.1-1.4 refer to the following quotation:

At a meeting of working girls held at Hull House during a strike in a large shoe factory, the discussions made it clear that the strikers who had been most easily frightened, and therefore the first to capitulate, were naturally those girls who were paying board and were afraid of being put out if they fell too far behind. After a recital of a case of peculiar hardship one of them exclaimed: "Wouldn't it be fine if we had a boarding club of our own, and then we could stand behind each other in a time like this?" After that events moved quickly. We . . . discussed all the difficulties and fascinations of such an undertaking, and on the first of May, 1891, two comfortable apartments near Hull House were rented and furnished. The Settlement was responsible for the furniture and paid the first month's rent, but beyond that the members managed the club themselves. . . . At the end of the third year the club occupied all of the six apartments which the original building contained, and numbered fifty members.

—Jane Addams, Twenty Years at Hull House, 1912

1.1 Which of the following best reflects the perspective of Jane Addams in the passage above?
A. Poor people need the leadership of reformers like herself.
B. Poor people need support in helping themselves.
C. Poor people don’t need outside help.
D. Poor people don’t deserve help.

1.2 Settlement houses like Hull House expressed a desire of reformers to do which of the following?
A. Convert immigrants to Christianity
B. Prevent political radicalism
C. Provide cheap labor for industry
D. Improve conditions in urban neighborhoods

1.3 A settlement house worker was most likely to be motivated by which of the following?
A. The Social Gospel
B. Social Darwinism
C. Communism
D. The support of an urban political machine

1.4 The perspective of the passage above would most directly support which of the following political goals?
A. Women's suffrage
B. Trust-busting
C. Greater rights for unions
D. Weakening political machines
Question 2.1 refers to the following image:

2.2 During the 1780s, which of the following was the most widespread crop cultivated by slaves in North America?
A. Wheat
B. Sugar
C. Tobacco
D. Cotton

2.3 Following the American Revolution, many Founding Fathers believed which of the following?
A. Slavery would gradually disappear in the United States.
B. The freeing of slaves should be outlawed.
C. Slavery would be the foundation of the American economy.
D. Freed slaves deserved government reparations for their suffering.

2.4 Which of the following was a reference to slavery in the Constitution?
A. The banning of slavery in the Northwest Territory.
B. Slavery was outlawed above the Mason-Dixon Line.
C. Slavery could not be outlawed.
D. A prohibition for 20 years of any law banning the importation of slaves.

Questions 3.1-3.4 refer to the following quotation:

Those who came before us made certain that this country rode the first waves of the industrial revolutions, the first waves of modern invention, and the first wave of nuclear power, and this generation does not intend to flounder in the backwash of the coming age of space. We mean to be a part of it—we mean to lead it. For the eyes of the world now look into space, to the moon, and the planets beyond, and we have vowed that we shall not see it govern by a hostile flag of conquest, but by a banner of freedom and peace. We have vowed that we shall not see space filled with weapons of mass destruction, but with instruments of knowledge and understanding. … We choose to go to the moon. We choose to go to the moon in this decade and do the other things, not because they are easy, but because they are hard, because that goal will serve to organize and measure the best of our energies and skills, because that challenge is one that we are willing to accept, one we are unwilling to postpone, and one which we intend to win, and the others, too.

—John F. Kennedy, September 12, 1962
3.1 John F. Kennedy in this passage is urging his fellow Americans to emulate which of the following?
   A. The pioneers
   B. Progressive reformers
   C. Captains of industry
   D. The Green Berets

3.2 Kennedy’s statement best reflects which of the following?
   A. American unease in a time of troubles
   B. American confidence in a time of prosperity
   C. A liberal concern for social justice
   D. A conservative fear of big government

3.3 Kennedy’s speech can best be compared to which of the following?
   A. Dwight Eisenhower’s speech on the “military-industrial complex”
   B. George Washington’s Farewell Address
   C. Abraham Lincoln’s Gettysburg Address
   D. Franklin D. Roosevelt’s “Arsenal of Democracy” speech

3.4 Kennedy’s speech most directly led to which of the following?
   A. The Vietnam War
   B. The Mutually Assured Destruction (MAD) nuclear strategy
   C. The Apollo space program
   D. The Great Society social programs

Questions 4.1–4.4 refer to the following quotation:

I appeal to any white man to say, if ever he entered Logan’s cabin hungry, and he gave him not meat: if ever he came cold and naked, and he clothed him not? During the course of the last long and bloody war, Logan remained idle in his cabin, an advocate for peace. Such was my love for the whites, that my countrymen pointed as they passed, and said, “Logan is the friend of the white man.” I had even thought to have lived with you but for the injuries of one man. Colonel Cresap, the last spring, in cold blood and unprovoked; murdered all the relations of Logan, not even sparing my women and children. There runs not a drop of my blood in the veins of any living creature. This called on me for revenge. I have sought it: I have killed many; I have fully glutted my vengeance. For my country, I rejoice at the beams of peace. But do not harbor a thought that mine is the joy of fear. Logan never felt fear. He will not turn on his heel to save his life. Who is there to mourn for Logan? Not one.

—Address attributed to Logan, an Indian leader, 1774

4.1 Which of the following best expresses the perspective of Logan in the passage above?
   A. Logan believes the expansion of British settlements must be stopped
   B. Logan laments the loss of his family
   C. Logan opposes a new peace treaty
   D. Logan believes that Indians need to find strength in unity

4.2 Which of the following most directly expresses why Logan’s Address became very popular in the early United States?
   A. Many Americans believed that the Indians had been treated badly.
   B. Many Americans believed that the only good Indian was a dead Indian.
   C. Many Americans believed that Indians were a noble people who were disappearing.
   D. Many Americans believed that Indians should abandon their way of life.

4.3 Which of the following in later years would be most likely to see themselves in Logan’s position?
   A. An opponent of big government in the 1930s
   B. An opponent of consumerism in the 1950s
   C. A supporter of liberalism in the 1960s
   D. A supporter of feminism in the 1970s

4.4 A sympathetic reader of Logan’s Address in the early years of the United States would be most likely to support which of the following Indian policies?
   A. Exterminating all Indians
   B. Respecting Indian territory and sovereignty
   C. Encouraging Indians to migrate to Canada and Mexico
   D. Building reservations and encouraging Indians to change their ways
Questions 5.1–5.2 refer to the following cartoon:

BORN TO COMMAND.

KING ANDREW THE FIRST.

Political cartoon, 1832

5.1 Which of the following groups would be most likely to support the perspective of the cartoon?
A. Democrat supporters of Andrew Jackson
B. Whig opponents of Andrew Jackson
C. Know-Nothing opponents of immigration
D. Anti-Masonic opponents of special privilege

5.2 The cartoon most likely refers to which of the following policies of Andrew Jackson?
A. The “war” against the Bank of the United States
B. Opposition to nullification threats in South Carolina
C. Indian removal
D. Support for the spoils system

5.3 Though a supporter of “strict construction” of the Constitution, Jackson was notable for which of the following?
A. Weakening the presidency
B. Spending on internal improvements
C. Strengthening the presidency
D. Weakening the party system

5.4 Andrew Jackson saw himself as a champion of which of the following continuities in United States history?
A. The struggle for civil rights for all
B. Government assistance for the underprivileged
C. The cooperation of government and big business
D. The democratization of American life

Questions 6.1–6.4 refer to the following quotation:

The 1980s have been born in turmoil, strife, and change. This is a time of challenge to our interests and our values and it’s a time that tests our wisdom and skills.

At this time in Iran, 50 Americans are still held captive, innocent victims of terrorism and anarchy. Also at this moment, massive Soviet troops are attempting to subjugate the fiercely independent and deeply religious people of Afghanistan. These two acts—one of international terrorism and one of military aggression—present a serious challenge to the United States of America and indeed to all the nations of the world. Together we will meet these threats to peace. . . .

Three basic developments have helped to shape our challenges: the steady growth and increased projection of Soviet military power beyond its own borders; the overwhelming dependence of the Western democracies on oil supplies from the Middle East; and the press of social and religious and economic and political change in the many nations of the developing world, exemplified by the revolution in Iran.

Each of these factors is important in its own right. Each interacts with the others. All must be faced together, squarely and courageously. We will face these challenges, and we will meet them with the best that is in us. And we will not fail.

—Jimmy Carter, State of the Union Address, January 23, 1980
6.1 Which of the following has some of its roots in the conditions discussed by Jimmy Carter in this passage?
A. The War on Terror
B. High unemployment
C. Tensions with China
D. High budget deficits

6.2 The problems that Carter faced in 1980 can best be compared to those of which of the following?
A. Abraham Lincoln in the 1860s
B. Theodore Roosevelt in the 1900s
C. Warren Harding in the 1920s
D. Franklin D. Roosevelt in the 1930s

6.3 The situation Carter described led most directly to which of the following?
A. The creation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
B. Carter’s defeat in the next presidential election
C. An American invasion in the Middle East
D. Carter’s victory in the next presidential election

6.4 Which of the following best expresses Carter’s approach to foreign policy in the passage above?
A. Isolationism
B. Appeasement
C. Containment
D. A call for war

Questions 7.1–7.4 refer to the following advertisement:

Ford advertisement, 1952
Used with permission of Ford Motor company.

7.1 Which of the following best expresses the message of the advertisement?
A. Ford cars are for the well-off
B. Ford cars are great work vehicles
C. Ford cars are for the whole family
D. Ford cars are for the lower classes

7.2 The advertisement most directly reflects which of the following?
A. The growing prosperity and leisure of Americans in the 1950s
B. The materialistic excesses of the rich in the 1950s
C. A push for social conformity in the 1950s
D. The recreational limits imposed by a poor economy in the 1950s
7.3 The American embrace of the automobile in the twentieth century most directly reflects which continuity in U.S. history?
A. A desire for social justice
B. A desire for economic equality
C. A desire for higher social status
D. A desire for more personal freedom

7.4 In the 1950s the widespread availability of the automobile most directly helped make possible which of the following?
A. The rise of international corporations
B. The rapid growth of suburbs
C. The prevalence of stay-at-home moms
D. The baby boom generation

Questions 8.1–8.4 refer to the following quotation:

Let us not, I beseech you sir, deceive ourselves. Sir, we have done everything that could be done, to avert the storm which is now coming on. We have petitioned; we have remonstrated; we have supplicated; we have prostrated ourselves before the throne, and have implored its interposition to arrest the tyrannical hands of the ministry and Parliament. Our petitions have been slighted; our remonstrances have produced additional violence and insult; our supplications have been disregarded; and we have been spurned, with contempt, from the foot of the throne. In vain, after these things, may we indulge the fond hope of peace and reconciliation. There is no longer any room for hope. ... It is in vain, sir, to extenuate the matter. Gentlemen may cry, Peace, Peace, but there is no peace. The war is actually begun! The next gale that sweeps from the north will bring to our ears the clash of resounding arms! Our brethren are already in the field! Why stand we here idle? What is it that gentlemen wish? What would they have? Is life so dear, or peace so sweet, as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery? Forbid it, Almighty God! I know not what course others may take; but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!

—Patrick Henry, March 23, 1775

8.1 The sentiments expressed by Patrick Henry led most directly to which of the following?
A. The Declaration of Independence
B. The Albany Plan
C. The Boston Tea Party
D. The Constitution of the United States

8.2 In this passage, Henry expresses an abiding American concern about which of the following?
A. No entangling alliances with foreign countries
B. The dangers of standing armies
C. Self-government
D. The separation of church and state

8.3 Which of the following nineteenth-century groups most directly saw themselves as following in the tradition of Patrick Henry?
A. Supporters of Manifest Destiny
B. Members of the Republican Party
C. Abolitionists
D. Southern secessionists

8.4 The “storm” that Henry refers to was most directly the result of which of the following?
A. American efforts to trade with Spain and France
B. British efforts to shrink a budget deficit after the French and Indian War
C. British unwillingness to fight Indian tribes on the frontier
D. British impressments of American sailors and interference with American trade
Questions 9.1–9.4 refer to the following quotation:

Of all the band of adventurous cavaliers, whom Spain, in the sixteenth century, sent forth on the career of discovery and conquest, there was none more deeply filled with the spirit of romantic enterprise than Hernando Cortes. Dangers and difficulties, instead of deterring, seemed to have a charm in his eyes. ... He conceived, at the first moment of his landing in Mexico, the design of its conquest. When he saw the strength of its civilization, he was not turned from his purpose. ... This spirit of knight-errantry might lead us to undervalue his talents as a general, and to regard him merely in the light of a lucky adventurer. But this would be doing him injustice; for Cortes was certainly a great general, if that man be one, who performs great achievements with the resources which his own genius has created. There is probably no instance in history, where so vast an enterprise has been achieved by means apparently so inadequate. ... He brought together the most miscellaneous collection of mercenaries who ever fought under one standard: adventurers from Cuba and the Isles, craving for gold; hidalgos, who came from the old country to win laurels; ... wild tribes of the natives from all parts of the country, who had been sworn enemies from their cradles, and who had met only to cut one another's throats, and to procure victims for sacrifice; men, in short, differing in race, in language, and in interests, with scarcely anything in common among them. Yet this motley congregation was assembled in one camp, compelled to bend to the will of one man, to consort together in harmony, to breathe, as it were, one spirit, and to move on a common principle of action!

—William Hickling Prescott, *History of the Conquest of Mexico*, 1843

9.1 Given the perspective of the passage above, William Hickling Prescott believed which of the following about the conquest of the Aztec Empire?
A. The actions of Hernando Cortes were irrational.
B. The conquest of Mexico was a racist atrocity.
C. Cortes was chiefly motivated by a desire for wealth.
D. The Aztec Empire had to give way to the superior civilization of Spain.

9.2 As Prescott makes clear in the passage above, an important reason for Cortes's military success was which of the following?
A. The advantage of superior numbers
B. The superior military skill of mercenaries
C. Taking advantage of divisions among the Indians
D. Effective use of European artillery

9.3 The Spanish in America were interested in which of the following?
A. Escaping oppression at home
B. Expanding territories under Spanish control
C. Seeking religious freedom for themselves
D. Creating independent principalities for themselves

9.4 Prescott’s interpretation of the conquest of Mexico resembles which contemporary nineteenth-century American political movement?
A. Support for Manifest Destiny
B. Support for Southern secessionism
C. Support for abolitionism
D. Support for Know-Nothings